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APPLICATION N	О.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/705,533		11/10/2003	Abaneshwar Prasad	100158	5405
29050	7590	06/02/2006		EXAMINER	
	WESEM		MARCHESCHI, MICHAEL A		
		ERAL COUNSEL, I.P. ECTRONICS CORPO	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
870 NORTH COMMONS DRIVE AURORA, IL 60504				1755	
				DATE MAILED: 06/02/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summany	10/705,533	PRASAD, ABANESHWAR				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael A. Marcheschi	1755				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Mi This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 13-27</u> is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>15-25</u> is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) <u>1-8,13,14,26 and 27</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the construction of the construct	epted or b) objected to by the & drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicativity documents have been received in (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims in the reply filed on 12/28/06 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that a burden is not on the examiner because the inventions are interrelated. The examiner is aware that the inventions are interrelated but a burden is still apparent because the product could still be used in a different process and applicants have not shown clear evidence otherwise. The burden is the different classification and different entire subject matter. However, the non-elected claims will be rejoined, once the product is found allowable.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 1-8, 13-14 and 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The new matter added to the claims is the limitations (1) "and is in form of a non-porous polymer sheet, a cellular polymer foam, or sintered thermoplastic particles", as specifically defined by claim 1, (2) the limitation defined by claim 14 (foam) and (3) the limitations defined by new claims 26-27. It is apparent that these exact limitations are only defined for the prior art polishing pads (i.e. pads that are not based on biodegradable polymers-see section [0004]). The specification never defines these limitations, as the form of the polishing pad according to the

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claimed invention. In other words, the specification does not define that the claimed forms are the forms of the inventive polishing pad (they are only the forms on the prior art pads (non biodegradable pads), thus the skilled artisan would not have clearly envisioned or been appraised of said forms as being applicable to the claimed invention (section [0004] which is one section that applicants state supports the claimed limitations is clearly referring to the prior art polishing pads and does not suggest that the these forms are all applicable to the claimed invention). The only section that refers the forms of the inventive polishing pads in section [0018] and this section states that the inventive pads are porous. This section never refers to the inventive pads as a foam or a sintered thermoplastic particles. Although sintered particles might be envisioned, this passage does not refer to thermoplastic particles and not all of the claimed polymers are generally known as thermoplastics. In addition, the form of the pad is always defined as porous.

The previous rejections based on Makiyama, as the primary reference, have been withdrawn in view of the amendments to the claims. This reference teaches that the material is porous and does not teach a foam article. However, since the claims contain new matter, as defined above, the previous rejection based on this reference can be reinstated once the new matter is canceled from the claims.

PREVIOUS ART REJECTIONS

Claims 1-5 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Bonsignore for the same reasons set forth in the previous office action which are incorporated herein by reference.

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Claims 1-8, 13-14 and 26 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 of copending Application No. 10/705,121

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the reduction to practice of the copending application would render obvious the instant claims because the copending claims define a polishing pad that contains all of the claimed components and structural limitations.

With respect to the form of the pad, the reference states that the pad is porous and this encompasses any porous material, including a foam.

NEW ART REJECTIONS:

Claims 1, 3-4, 6-8, 13-14 and 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Shimagaki et al. (857).

The reference teaches in sections [0063], [0073]-[0081] and claim 3, a polishing pad comprising a resin (polyurethane, etc.) and substantially water insoluble polymer (cross linked polysaccharide). Claim 18 defines that inorganic particles (i.e. metal oxide –see section [0087] can also be used (fixed abrasive pad or particles dispersed in the matrix-see sections [0084] – [0088]). The water insoluble polymer making up the pad is set forth to be a sheet like material (i.e. film like sheet (this implies a non porous sheet, since the reference does not even mention porosity or porous in conjunction with this film sheet) or sponge like material (porous material)-see section [0063]).

The reference teaches a polishing pad which comprises all of the claimed

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components since a polysaccharide material is used and this is one of the claimed biodegradable polymers. With respect to the polishing pad being in the form of a non porous sheet, assuming not to be new matter, the reference implies that the pad is made up of a laminated or single film like sheet (free from open pores) and the broad interpretation of this makes obvious a non porous polymer sheet because the reference does not define that it is porous. With respect to the polishing pad being in the form of a cellular foam, assuming not to be new matter, the reference implies that the pad is made up of a laminated or single sponge like sheet and the broad interpretation of a sponge makes obvious a cellular foam, especially since applicants do not define otherwise. A foam, solid can broadly be considered a sponge like material because both are cellular and compressible. In addition, during processing of the reference pad, it is the examiners position that this spongy structure will still be apparent. With respect to the polishing pad being in the form of a sintered (thermally fused) particles, section [0070] states that the mixture is can also be formed by melt extrusion or thermal compression and it is the examiners position that this broadly makes obvious, in the broad sense, sintering (thermally fusing) particles together absent evidence to the contrary.

Applicant's arguments filed 12/28/05, with respect to Bonsignore and the ODP (obvious double patenting) rejections, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the arguments based on the newly added limitations. Applicant states that sections 0004 and 0018-0019 support the newly added limitations. This is not persuasive because, as clearly defined in the new matter rejection above, said passages do not define that the

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claimed forms are the forms of the inventive polishing pad (they are only the forms on the prior art pads (non biodegradable pads).

With respect to applicant's arguments based on Bonsignore, it appears that applicant's argument is that this reference does not teach that the article is in one of the claimed foams. The examiner disagrees because the reference clearly teaches that the article is in sheet form (column 5, line 16), thus it is a polymer sheet. With respect to the non-porous nature of the sheet, it is the examiners position that this is inherent or expected in the article of the reference because the reference does not even mention porosity or porous, thus it can be reasonably envisioned that the sheet is non porous.

With respect to the ODP rejection, applicants provide no arguments for this rejection.

With respect to applicant's arguments based on Makiyama, as the primary reference, any rejections over this reference, as the primary reference, have been withdrawn (see above).

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael A. Marcheschi whose telephone number is (571) 272-1374. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00-5:30) First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on (571) 272-1233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on agcess to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

5/06 MM Michael Marcheschi Primary Examiner Art Unit 1755